RESOLUTION TOPIC: The question of political instability in Lebanon

SUBMITTED BY: Argentina

COMMITTEE: DISEC

Defining political instability as a government that collapses within a short period of time due to its political sources being unstable.

Recognising political instability as an issue that can be caused by many other reasons, such as but not limited to: high crime rates, economic issues, and government incompetence.

Aware that political instability grew in Lebanon after the Syrian civil war.

Having studied that Lebanon's politics is characterised by a corrupt, sectarian structure, constant interference from neighbouring states like Israel, Syria and Iran, and many years of war,

- 1. <u>Calls for</u> a new United Nation sub-body, the United Nations Refuge, Rehabilitation and Counselling Organization for Political Refugees (UNRRCOPR), which would focus on the following:
 - a. providing shelters for people having to flee their native countries due to political instability in Lebanon,
 - b. providing counselling for refugee students and adults in schools, universities and workplaces globally who were forced to leave their country due to Lebanon's political instability and may be struggling with mental health issues,
 - c. dealing with political refugees from other nations in the future, but currently primarily focused on Lebanon;
- Advises that the UNRRCOPR sends experienced professionals to Lebanon to discuss
 the political instability in Lebanon with the Lebanese government in order to help
 resolve these issues, by methods such as but not limited to:
 - a. investigating members of the Lebanese government in the event that some members are accused of dealing in illegal practices which are contributing to political instability,
 - b. looking into the causes of the political crisis, as well as possibly attempting to uncover other potential causes,

- 3. <u>Recommends</u> the establishment of a biennial conference in Geneva attended by United Nations representatives from all member states, as well as political figures from Lebanon outside of the United Nations and representatives of the UNRRCOPR, with the aims of:
 - a. discussing further possible solutions to the current political instability in Lebanon,
 - b. reviewing the action taken in accordance with this resolution;
- 4. <u>Suggests</u> the provision of grants to those households globally who allow Lebanese political refugees into their homes during the political crisis;
- 5. <u>Further suggests</u> that the UNRRCOPR provides funding for the provision of primary to third level education for Lebanese political refugees in all member nations who take in these refugees;
- 6. <u>Further recommends</u> the provision of a secondary level educational programme on Lebanese government and political instability, culture and language to be made available by the UNRRCOPR to all Lebanese refugees, as well as members of the public, in conjunction with the mass media campaign, which will aim to spread awareness and information on the political situation in Lebanon.
- 7. Requests investment in goods and services, funded by the World Bank, in order to stabilise Lebanon's political status in order to prevent the collapse of the nation and invest in further developing their global market.